Amendments to the Claims

The following listing of the claims replaces all prior listings.

- 1. (currently amended) A sensor comprising:
- a substrate;
- a confinement structure created from materials applied to the substrate by deposition, wherein the confinement structure comprises at least a first limiting structure defining a first interior space a transducer proximal to the first interior space, said transducer being contained by the confinement structure; and
- a first synthetic polymer capable of selectively binding a first analyte, within the confinement structure, wherein the first synthetic polymer is trapped in the confinement structure to prevent peeling of the first synthetic polymer from the substrate.
- 2. (original) A sensor as claimed in claim 1, wherein the confinement structure further comprises a second limiting structure defining a second interior space, the second interior space containing the first interior space.
- 3. (previously presented) A sensor as claimed in claim 2, wherein the confinement structure further comprises one or more further limiting structures defining one or more further interior spaces, the one or more further interior spaces, the one or more further interior spaces each containing an interior space.
- 4. (previously presented) A sensor as claimed in claim 1, wherein the first synthetic polymer capable of selectively binding a first analyte is disposed in the first interior space.
- 5. (previously presented) A sensor as claimed in claim 3, wherein the first synthetic polymer capable of selectively binding a first analyte is disposed in a space selected from the group consisting of: the second interior space, and a further interior space.

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6. (previously presented) A sensor as claimed in claim 1, wherein the internal

diameter of the first limiting structure is about 10-350 µm.

7. (previously presented) A sensor as claimed in claim 1, wherein height of the first

limiting structure is about 1-10 µm.

8. (previously presented) A sensor as claimed in claim 2, wherein the internal

diameter of the second limiting structure is about 50-600 µm.

9. (previously presented) A sensor as claimed in claim 2, wherein the height of the

second limiting structure is about 1-100 µm.

10. (previously presented) A sensor as claimed in claim 2, wherein the limiting

structures of the confinement structure are annular.

11. (previously presented) A sensor as claimed in claim 1, wherein the sensor further

comprises:

at least one additional confinement structure as defined in any preceding claim;

a transducer proximal to the first interior space of each of the at least one

additional confinement structures; and

a material contained within the at least one additional confinement structure,

wherein the material is selected from the group consisting of: the synthetic polymer

capable of selectively binding a first analyte, a further synthetic polymer capable of

selectively binding a further analyte, and a reference material.

12. (previously presented) A sensor as claimed in claim 1, wherein the first synthetic

polymer is a molecularly imprinted polymer.

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13. (previously presented) A sensor as claimed in claim 1, wherein the first synthetic

polymer is a polymer capable of selectively binding a substance selected from the group

consisting of: morphine, propofol, an antibiotic and IMA.

14. (original) A sensor as claimed in claim 11, wherein the further synthetic polymer

is a molecularly imprinted polymer.

15. (original) A sensor as claimed in claim 11, wherein the sensor comprises at least

one additional confinement structure having a reference material therein, and the first

synthetic polymer is a molecularly imprinted polymer and the reference material is a

corresponding non-imprinted polymer.

16. (previously presented) A sensor as claimed in claim 1, wherein a space selected

from the first, second and further interior space contains a material selected from the

group consisting of a conducting material and a mediator.

17. (original) A sensor as claimed in claim 16, wherein the conducting material is an

electrolyte.

18. (previously presented) A sensor as claimed in claim 1, wherein the at least one

confinement structure further comprises one or more additional substance which provides

a specific environment therein.

19. (previously presented) A sensor as claimed in claim 18, wherein the specific

environment is a non-aqueous environment.

20. (previously presented) A sensor as claimed in claim 1, wherein the transducer is

disposed on the substrate.

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21. (previously presented) A sensor as claimed in claim 1, wherein the transducer is

selected from the group consisting of: an electrochemical, conductimetric, optical,

fluorescent, luminescent, absorption, time-of-flight, gravimetric, strain or displacement,

surface-acoustic wave, resonant, thermal transducer, and combinations thereof.

22. (previously presented) A sensor as claimed in claim 1, wherein the substrate is a

silicon wafer.

23. (previously presented) A sensor as claimed in claim 1, wherein the substrate is

substantially planar.

24. (previously presented) A sensor as claimed in claim 1, wherein the confinement

structure is fabricated from a polyimide.

25. (previously presented) A method of detecting a target species in a sample

comprising contacting a sensor as claimed in claim 1 with a sample containing or

suspected to contain the target species.

26. (original) A method as claimed in claim 25, wherein the sample is returned to the

patient.

27. (withdrawn) A method as claimed in claim 25, wherein the sample is not returned

to the patient.

28. (previously presented) A sensor as claimed in claim 1, wherein the first synthetic

polymer is a polymer capable of selectively binding a substance selected from the group

consisting of: morphine, propofol, an antibiotic, and IMA; wherein a space selected from

the first, second and a further interior space contains a material selected from the group

consisting of a conducting material and a mediator; and wherein the transducer is selected

from the group consisting of: an electrochemical, conductimetric, optical, fluorescent,

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luminescent, absorption, time-of-flight, gravimetric, strain or displacement, surface-

acoustic wave, resonant, thermal transducer, and combinations thereof.

29. (previously presented) A sensor as claimed in claim 1, wherein the first synthetic

polymer is a polymer capable of selectively binding propofol; wherein a space selected

from the first, second and a further interior space contains a conducting material; and

wherein the transducer is an electrochemical transducer.

30. (new) A sensor comprising:

a substrate;

a first and at least one additional confinement structure disposed on the substrate,

wherein each confinement structure comprises at least a first limiting structure defining a

first interior space and a transducer proximal to the first interior space;

a molecularly imprinted synthetic polymer capable of selectively binding a first

analyte confined in the first confinement structure, wherein the molecularly imprinted

polymer is trapped in the first confinement structure to prevent peeling of the molecularly

imprinted polymer from the substrate; and

a reference material confined in the at least one additional confinement structure,

wherein the reference material is a corresponding non-imprinted synthetic polymer, the

sensor being arranged to carry out a differential measurement between the first

confinement structure and the at least one additional confinement structure.